



#### Intent

'We know that history matters, we know that it is thrilling, absorbing, fascinating, delightful and infuriating, that it is life'-Stephen Fry

At St Andrew's we encourage our children to be inspired and curious about history, developing an understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It is through the development of historical thinking that children understand the concept of change and appreciate a nations sense of identity. We want children to have an understanding of the City they live in and its historic significance. Bath is famous for its hot springs, Roman period baths, Medieval heritage and stately Georgian architecture.

#### We aim to Grow Historians who have:

- Knowledge and understanding of people, events, and contexts from a range of historical periods and of historical concepts and processes.
- The ability to think critically about history and communicate ideas very confidently in styles appropriate to a range of audiences. The ability to consistently support, evaluate and challenge their own and others' views using detailed, appropriate and accurate historical evidence derived from a range of sources.
- The ability to think, reflect, debate, discuss and evaluate the past, formulating and refining questions and lines of enquiry.
- A passion for history and an enthusiastic engagement in learning, which develops their sense of curiosity about the past and their understanding of how and why people interpret the past in different ways.
- A respect for historical evidence and the ability to make robust and critical use of it to support their explanations and judgments.
- A desire to embrace challenging activities, including opportunities to undertake high-quality research across a range of history topics.

### **Implementation**

Our children should be able to work creatively to organise their knowledge, skills and understanding around the following key concepts:

- Investigate and interpret the past
- Build an overview of world history
- Understand chronology





### Communicate historically

These key concepts underpin learning though each Key Stages. This enables pupils to reinforce and build upon prior learning, make connections and develop subject specific language.

The accumulation of knowledge and skills from Years 1 to 6 is mapped as follows:

Breadth of Study in History				
Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2			
<ul> <li>The lives of significant individuals in Britain's past who have contributed to our nation's achievements - scientists such as Isaac Newton or Michael Faraday, reformers such as Elizabeth Fry or William Wilberforce, medical pioneers such as William Harvey or Florence Nightingale, or creative geniuses such as Isambard Kingdom Brunel or Christina Rossetti.</li> <li>Key events in the past that are significant nationally and globally, particularly those that coincide with festivals or other events that are commemorated throughout the year.</li> <li>Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age.</li> <li>The Roman Empire and its Impact on Britain.</li> <li>Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and Scots.</li> <li>The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England.</li> <li>A local history study.</li> <li>A study of a theme in British history that extends pupils 'chronological knowledge beyond 1066.</li> <li>Early Civilizations achievements (an overview of where and when the first civilisations appeared) and an in-depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty.</li> <li>Ancient Greece- a study of Greek life and achievements.</li> <li>A non- European society that contrasts with British history chosen from: <ul> <li>Early Islamic Civilization</li> <li>Mayan Civilization</li> <li>Benin.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			





<ul> <li>Key Concepts /Skills - Investigate and ir interpretation of the available evidence.</li> <li>Years 1 and 2</li> <li>Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.</li> <li>Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? What happened? How long ago?</li> <li>Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the past.</li> <li>Identify some of the different ways the past has been represented.</li> </ul>	Years 3 and 4  • Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past. • Suggest suitable sources of evidence for historical enquiries. • Use more than one source of evidence for historical enquiry in order to gain a more accurate understanding of history. • Describe different accounts of a historical event, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ. • Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history.	Years 5 and 6  Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past.  Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices.  Use sources of information to form testable hypotheses about the past.  Seek out and analyse a wide range of evidence in order to justify claims about the past.  Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how historians must understand the social context of evidence studied.  Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past.		
• Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate.  Key Concepts /Skills - Build an overview of world history This concept involves an appreciation of the characteristic features of the past and an understanding that life is different for different sections of society.				
Years 1 and 2	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6		
<ul> <li>Describe historical events.</li> <li>Describe significant people from the past.</li> <li>Recognise that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe changes that have happened in the locality of the school throughout history.</li> <li>Give a broad overview of life in Britain from ancient until medieval times.</li> <li>Compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest around the world.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify continuity and change in the history of the locality of the school.</li> <li>Give a broad overview of life in Britain from medieval until the Tudor and Stuarts times. Compare some of the times studied with those of the other areas of interest around the world.</li> </ul>		





<ul> <li>aspects of history studied were happening</li> <li>Years 1 and 2</li> <li>Place events and artefacts in order on a time line.</li> <li>Label time lines with words or phrases such as: past, present, older and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Years 3 and 4</li> <li>Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates.</li> <li>Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence,</li> </ul>	Pears 5 and 6     Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural).     Identify periods of rapid change in history and
newer.  Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives.  Use dates where appropriate.  Kev Concepts /Skills - Communicate his	on a time line.  • Use dates and terms to describe events.  storically This concept involves using historical vo	<ul> <li>contrast them with times of relatively little change.</li> <li>Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a time line.</li> <li>Use dates and terms accurately in describing events.</li> </ul>
the past.		
Years 1 and 2	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6
<ul> <li>Use words and phrases such as: a long time ago, recently, when my parents/carers were children, years, decades and centuries to describe the passing of time.</li> <li>Show an understanding of the concept of nation and a nation's history.</li> <li>Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: dates, time, period, era, change and chronology.</li> <li>Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to a good standard in order to communicate information about the past.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: Dates, time period, era, chronology, continuity, change, century, decade and legacy.</li> <li>Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to an exceptional standard in order to communicate information about the past.</li> <li>Use original ways to present information and ideas.</li> </ul>





ŗ	parliament, democracy, and war and	
Ŗ	peace.	